



## Skills Development Tables – ISE III Speaking

## Topic, Collaborative, Conversation tasks

Skills tested	How to practise these skills
Communicative effectiveness (Does the student do what is necessary to complete the speaking tasks successfully?)	<ul> <li>Check students are aware of the format of the speaking part of the test.</li> <li>Give students practice in expanding and developing ideas, eg encourage students to give examples or reasons to support their ideas and opinions.</li> <li>Give students practice in summarising and referring to the other speaker's opinion during a discussion, eg 'l can see where you're coming from, but', 'So what you are really saying is that '.</li> <li>Check students know different ways of showing the speaker that they don't understand, eg 'l'm sorry l didn't quite catch that. Could you say it again, please?'</li> <li>Check students know different ways of dealing with mistakes while speaking, eg 'Sorry, what I mean is' and 'That wasn't exactly my point. What I wanted to say was'.</li> <li>Check students know different ways of showing interest in what the speaker is saying, eg 'Really?', 'I see', 'Yes, you may have a point there'.</li> </ul>
Interactive listening (How well does the student understand another speaker?)	<ul> <li>Help students improve their listening skills by providing practice in listening for both gist and detail.</li> <li>Give students practice in listening to and identifying different people's viewpoints on a wide range of subjects.</li> <li>Look at possible topic areas for the conversation task and encourage students to think about the kind of questions or information they may hear.</li> <li>Give students practice in giving short talks and answering questions on the topic.</li> </ul>
Language control (Is the student's level of grammar and vocabulary good enough to communicate successfully?)	<ul> <li>Encourage students to use a range of grammar structures in their speaking, eg mixed conditionals, passives and narrative tenses.</li> <li>Make sure students check for repeated errors in order to improve accuracy, eg She talked me to into going to the party.</li> <li>Encourage students to use a range of vocabulary, including colloquialisms, related to a variety of topics, eg scientific developments, literature.</li> </ul>
<b>Delivery</b> (Is it easy to follow and understand the student when he/she is speaking?)	<ul> <li>Use games and activities to improve pronunciation, eg focus on commonly mispronounced words such as 'law', 'sew', 'through' etc.</li> <li>Help students understand stress and intonation, eg show students how moving the stress in a sentence can change meaning, 'Where did you put the keys?' 'Where did you put the keys?'</li> <li>Encourage students to record themselves speaking in order to help them spot their errors.</li> <li>Improve students' fluency through classroom activities such as one-minute talks on different subjects.</li> </ul>



## Skills Development Tables – ISE III Listening

## Independent listening task

Skills tested	How to practise these skills
Intensive listening – in detail to gather as much information as possible Intensive listening – for detailed understanding	<ul> <li>Ask students to make notes when listening.</li> <li>Make sure students understand that taking notes is a short activity and they should not try to write down everything they hear.</li> <li>Improve students' ability to understand connected speech through activities focusing on the way sounds change in natural speech.</li> </ul>
Inferring attitude, intentions, viewpoints and implications Deducing meaning	Give students practice in listening to and identifying different people's viewpoints on a variety of subjects.
Identifying the difference between main and subsidiary points, supporting examples or details Identifying the difference	Give students practice in identifying the main points in listening texts on different subjects.
between facts and opinions Extensive listening – for gist, for main ideas and for global understanding	